

Station: Munich, AB-102
 Reference: MSC-238 (para. 4a)
 Source: GULL (B)
 Sub-Source: SHULGIN, D.V. (F)
 Evaluation: S-3
 SUBJECT: Dimitri Vasilavitch SHULGIN

Report No: MSC-328
 Report Date: 30 August 1946
 Information Date: Present
 Date Info Received: 29 August 1946

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SECRET
 CONTROL

NOTE: In view of the fact that the name of SHULGIN is rather common, as well as the apparent confusion caused by the natural tendency of connecting "other Shulgins" with Dimitri V. GULL requested subject to prepare a biographical sketch and identify any of his relatives throughout Europe. Evaluation "S-3" is given in spite of the fact that the subject is an untried willing informant, because the subject's family is well known throughout the Russian emigrant circles, and source confirms his life story.

1.-Dimitri Vasilavitch SHULGIN was born in Kiev, Russia, on 25 May 1905. Subject's father is Vasil Vitaslavitch SHULGIN long time former editor of the Kiev paper "Kievlenin". V.V. SHULGIN was a member of three Imperial Russian Dumas. During the Russian civil war V.V.S. was a member of the Special Commission under the chairmanship of Gen. DENIKIN. V.V.S. was last heard from by the subject in 1945, at which time he was with the subject's mother Maria Dimitrievna SHULGIN in Sremak, Karlovac, Yugoslavia. V.V.S. is a famous Russian editor and author. (The Twentieth Year, Days, The Three Capitals.)

2.-D.V. SHULGIN's two older brothers were killed in the Russian civil war, 1918-20. Subject, who was fifteen at the time, was a member of Gen. WRANGEL'S Army. Following the defeat of the White Armies, subject entered the Sevastopol Naval Academy (in exile) and graduated in 1925, in Bizerte, North Africa. In 1925 Subject entered the French Military Academy in Paris, St. Cyr, and graduated in 1928. As foreigners could not be commissioned in the regular French Army, at that time, Subject proceeded to Yugoslavia, where he joined his father. In Yugoslavia SHULGIN graduated from a technical school as construction engineer. He worked as an engineer in Yugoslavia and in 1935 spent a year in Poland on some construction works.

3.-Subject has been connected with the NKVD since 1935, when his assignment was "the establishment of revolutionary points within the USSR". During the war,

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1941-45, Subject continued to work in accordance with NTSMF directives, while working for the Abwehr, he organized NTSMF groups within the partisan forces operating in Poland, he complied with the basic NTSMF directive, "Against the German invaders and against Stalin's communist dictatorship".

4.-Subject would like to make it clear that, Alexander SHULGIN, well known leader of Ukrainian Nationalists and author of numerous pamphlets, is a distant relative of the Subject's father, Vasili Vitalevitch SHULGIN. However, Subject wishes to declare that he absolutely has no connection whatever, either political, social, family or otherwise, with the above mentioned person. He has no knowledge of the Ukrainian SHULGIN family, nor does he know any one by the name of Rostislav SHULGIN.

5.-Subject states that he has been informed that a brother and sister "SHULGIN", who graduated from the Czech "Gymnasium" in 1921-23, claim to be relatives of V.V.S. He wishes to state that outside of his father who is missing since 1945 in Yugoslavia, he has no relatives either in Europe or in the USSR. He has no friends by that name.

6.-COMMENT by AB-102: It is suggested that SAINT, Bern, discreetly question their Rostislav SHULGIN, on his knowledge of Subject's existence and activity. It is not felt that the two "SHULGINS" have any tie-up between themselves, or that the partisan forces to be contacted are the same. The NTSMF has little sympathy for any "Ukrainian Nationalist" movements. (Note MSC-218 para.4).

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check name of Rostislav's father